

SOUTHERN NEW ENGLAND STUMPAGE PRICE SURVEY RESULTS
SECOND QUARTER—1999

The table below summarizes reported prices paid for standing timber during the **SECOND quarter of 1999 (April - June)**. Prices for sawtimber are in \$ per thousand board feet (International ¼-inch scale). Pulpwood and fuelwood are reported in \$ per cord, biomass in \$ per ton. The **Range** shows the high and low prices reported. Half of the prices reported are below the **Median**; half are above. Reporting is voluntary, and this is not a complete record of sale activity in the southern New England region. A **total of 76 timber sales was reported for the SECOND quarter of 1999**. Sale characteristics (in percent):

Size	%	Type	%	Reported by	%	Buyer/seller	%
< 50 Mbf	22	Lump sum	71	Consulting foresters	17	Buyer	66
51-100	28	Mill-tally	25	Public lands foresters	7	Seller	30
>100 Mbf	39	No data	4	Industrial foresters	18	No data	4
No data	11			Loggers	33		
				Sawmills	16		
				Utility foresters	0		
				No data	9		

EAST OF CT RIVER

WEST OF CT RIVER

SPECIES	no. of reports	median	range	no. of reports	median	range
red oak	36	300	70 - 450	18	368	175 - 500
white oak	29	100	55 - 200	7	200	90 - 350
other oaks	29	150	60 - 200	6	180	60 - 300
ash	22	100	60 - 200	13	135	55 - 200
cherry	10	110	80 - 380	7	300	135 - 350
sugar maple	14	115	60 - 250	11	300	100 - 350
red maple	32	48	20 - 150	10	50	40 - 60
tulip poplar	6	50	30 - 80	7	75	50 - 200
yellow birch	15	80	35 - 160	10	100	50 - 150
black birch	27	65	20- 200	10	100	50 - 150
paper birch	15	80	25 - 100	10	50	25 - 50
beech	10	40	25 - 50	8	30	25 - 50
pallet hdwd	13	40	25 - 75	5	25	10 - 30
other hdwd	8	45	35 - 60	3	50	40 - 100
white pine	38	80	35 - 140	11	90	30 - 130
red pine	7	60	30 - 178	0	-	-
hemlock	14	35	20 - 40	16	35	20 - 50
spruce	3	95	30 - 120	3	35	30 - 80
other sfwd	0	-	-	1	50	-
Poles, hardwd (\$/lin.ft)	0	-	-	0	-	-

Poles, sftwd (\$/lin.ft)	0	-	-	0	-	-
fuelwood (\$/cd)	23	4	0 - 10	6	5	0 - 8
pulpwood (\$/cd)	6	0	0 - 1	1	5	-
biomass (\$/ton)	3	0	0 - 0.1	0	-	-

This information is meant to be used as a **guide only. Use with care.** Prices paid for standing timber can be influenced by many factors, including but not limited to: timber quality, distance to market, accessibility of property, sale volume, market demand, season, skid distance, landowner requirements, and logging costs.

This survey is a result of joint efforts of Cooperative Extension at the Universities of Connecticut and Massachusetts, and the state forestry agencies in CT and MA.