

SOUTHERN NEW ENGLAND STUMPAGE PRICE SURVEY RESULTS
SECOND QUARTER— 2002

The table below summarizes reported prices paid for standing timber during the **SECOND quarter of 2002 (APRIL - JUNE)**. Prices for sawtimber are in \$ per thousand board feet (International ¼-inch scale). Pulpwood and fuelwood are reported in \$ per cord, biomass in \$ per ton. The **Range** shows the high and low prices reported. Half of the prices reported are below the **Median**; half are above. Reporting is voluntary, and this is not a complete record of sale activity in the southern New England region. A **total of 100 timber sales were reported for the SECOND quarter of 2002**. Sale characteristics (in percent):

Size	%	Type	%	Reported by	%	Buyer/seller	%
< 50 Mbf	38	Lump sum	75	Consulting foresters	12	Buyer	58
51-100	32	Mill-tally	22	Public lands foresters	21	Seller	38
>100 Mbf	30	No data	5	Industrial foresters	27	No data	4
No data	0			Loggers	30		
				Sawmills	5		
				Utility foresters	0		
				No data	0		

EAST OF CT RIVER

WEST OF CT RIVER

SPECIES	no. of reports	median	Range	no. of reports	median	range
red oak	45	250	16 – 500	18	400	173-650
white oak	31	75	35 - 200	8	90	75-230
other oaks	30	140	50- 250	7	275	100 -280
ash	13	40	35- 100	17	110	35-230
cherry	8	250	110 - 250	12	463	200 - 800
sugar maple	15	200	50 – 350	15	400	140 - 600
red maple	27	40	20 – 100	15	45	25 - 230
tulip poplar	2	50	50-50	5	50	50 - 105
yellow birch	11	40	40 - 254	10	108	40 - 250
black birch	26	50	25- 150	13	80	40 - 350
paper birch	7	40	40 - 65	5	20	10 - 70
beech	4	33	10 - 254	11	25	10 - 150
pallet hdwd	15	30	20 – 60	7	45	6 - 45
other hdwd	9	40	5 – 60	2	85	25 - 145
white pine	46	87	50– 167	16	85	45 - 175
red pine	18	55	20-160	1	79	-
hemlock	22	20	5-40	12	38	10 - 110
spruce	7	30	30 - 90	3	180	100 - 190
other sfwd	3	60	10 - 220	0	-	-
Poles. hardwd	0	-	-	0	-	-

(\$/lin.ft)	0	-	-	0	-	-
Poles, sftwd (\$/lin.ft)	0	-	-	0	-	-
fuelwood (\$/cd)	24	5	3-15	9	6	1 - 10
pulpwood (\$/cd)	6	1	1- 2	0	-	-
biomass (\$/ton)	0	0	-	0	-	-

This information is meant to be used as a **guide only. Use with care.** Prices paid for standing timber can be influenced by many factors, including but not limited to: timber quality, distance to market, accessibility of property, sale volume, market demand, season, skid distance, landowner requirements, and logging costs.

This survey is a result of joint efforts of Cooperative Extension at the Universities of Connecticut, Massachusetts, and Rhode Island and the state forestry agencies in CT, MA, and RI.