

SOUTHERN NEW ENGLAND STUMPAGE PRICE SURVEY RESULTS
THIRD QUARTER— 2003

The table below summarizes reported prices paid for standing timber during the **THIRD quarter of 2003 (JULY - SEPTEMBER)**. Prices for sawtimber are in \$ per thousand board feet (International ¼-inch scale). Pulpwood and fuelwood are reported in \$ per cord, biomass in \$ per ton. The **Range** shows the high and low prices reported. Half of the prices reported are below the **Median**; half are above. Reporting is voluntary, and this is not a complete record of sale activity in the southern New England region. A **total of 69 timber sales were reported for the THIRD quarter of 2003**. Sale characteristics (in percent):

Size	%	Type	%	Reported by	%	Buyer/seller	%
< 50 Mbf	26	Lump sum	67	Consulting foresters	12	Buyer	64
51-100	20	Mill-tally	23	Public lands foresters	12	Seller	26
>100 Mbf	39	No data	10	Industrial foresters	30	No data	10
No data	15			Loggers	23		
				Sawmills	12		
				Utility foresters	0		
				No data	11		

EAST OF CT RIVER

WEST OF CT RIVER

SPECIES	no. of reports	median	Range	no. of reports	median	range
Red oak	25	280	100 - 400	10	375	275 – 650
White oak	15	100	50 - 150	6	125	80 – 300
Other oaks	22	150	50 - 260	3	150	80 – 400
Ash	8	78	50 - 250	11	100	45 - 250
Cherry	4	250	100 - 300	7	500	350 – 800
Sugar maple	4	225	200 - 300	11	450	110 – 750
Red maple	15	50	25 - 70	12	50	25 – 400
Tulip poplar	5	50	20 - 60	2	83	65 – 100
Yellow birch	5	65	50 - 110	11	80	50 – 250
Black birch	10	68	50 - 136	11	80	60 – 300
Paper birch	5	50	25 - 70	5	25	20 – 30
Beech	3	25	20 - 30	4	28	25 – 30
Pallet hdwd	8	28	20 - 120	5	20	10 – 25
Other hdwd	6	40	30 - 60	0	-	-
White pine	23	105	65 - 370	12	70	50 – 140
Red pine	7	60	50 - 150	0	-	-
Hemlock	12	33	20 - 60	12	30	0 – 55
Spruce	3	50	30 - 80	1	100	-
Other sfwd	1	30	-	0	-	-
Poles. hardwd	0	-	-	0	-	-

(\$/lin.ft)	0	-	-	0	-	-
Poles, sftwd (\$/lin.ft)	0	-	-	0	-	-
Fuel wood (\$/cd)	25	5	0 - 10	9	0	0 – 10
Pulpwood (\$/cd)	7	1	0 - 4	1	0	-
Biomass (\$/ton)	0	-	-	0	-	-

This information is meant to be used as a **guide only. Use with care.** Prices paid for standing timber can be influenced by many factors, including but not limited to: timber quality, distance to market, accessibility of property, sale volume, market demand, season, skid distance, terrain, landowner requirements, method of sale (e.g., competitively bid, or directly negotiated) and logging costs.

*This survey is a result of joint efforts of Cooperative Extension at the Universities of Connecticut and Massachusetts, and the state forestry agencies in CT, MA, and RI.
See: <http://forest.fnr.umass.edu/stumpage.htm> for more results*