

SOUTHERN NEW ENGLAND STUMPAGE PRICE SURVEY RESULTS
FIRST QUARTER— 2003

The table below summarizes reported prices paid for standing timber during the **FIRST quarter of 2003 (JANUARY - MARCH)**. Prices for sawtimber are in \$ per thousand board feet (International ¼-inch scale). Pulpwood and fuelwood are reported in \$ per cord, biomass in \$ per ton. The **Range** shows the high and low prices reported. Half of the prices reported are below the **Median**; half are above. Reporting is voluntary, and this is not a complete record of sale activity in the southern New England region. A **total of 97 timber sales were reported for the FIRST quarter of 2003**. Sale characteristics (in percent):

Size	%	Type	%	Reported by	%	Buyer/seller	%
< 50 Mbf	32	Lump sum	66	Consulting foresters	7	Buyer	64
51-100	31	Mill-tally	27	Public lands foresters	12	Seller	30
>100 Mbf	28	No data	7	Industrial foresters	31	No data	6
No data	9			Loggers	19		
				Sawmills	7		
				Utility foresters	4		
				No data	20		

EAST OF CT RIVER

WEST OF CT RIVER

SPECIES	no. of reports	median	Range	no. of reports	median	range
Red oak	45	276	100 - 560	21	350	237 – 600
White oak	32	100	45 - 200	9	150	85 – 167
Other oaks	30	150	50 – 320	5	153	80 – 164
Ash	18	75	30 - 200	16	100	60 – 125
Cherry	4	175	125 - 375	13	400	104 – 725
Sugar maple	12	238	30 - 400	14	350	104 – 900
Red maple	22	40	25 - 60	17	60	30 – 117
Tulip poplar	1	50	50 - 50	3	60	50 – 80
Yellow birch	4	45	30 - 60	13	85	60 – 547
Black birch	16	50	30 - 85	14	90	60 – 547
Paper birch	4	45	30 - 50	5	30	25 – 30
Beech	1	30	30 - 30	9	50	25 – 128
Pallet hdwd	8	33	20 - 50	9	25	8 – 45
Other hdwd	8	48	30 - 65	2	300	300 - 300
White pine	42	95	60 - 188	15	75	50 – 125
Red pine	7	60	20 - 80	0	-	-
Hemlock	20	33	5 - 60	12	28	0 – 45
Spruce	3	40	20 - 60	3	40	35 – 60
Other sfwd	1	20	20 - 20	0	-	-
Poles. hardwd	0	-	-	0	-	-

(\$/lin.ft)	0	-	-	0	-	-
Poles, sftwd (\$/lin.ft)	0	-	-	0	-	-
Fuel wood (\$/cd)	23	7	0 - 15	7	5	0 - 15
Pulpwood (\$/cd)	4	1	0 - 3	0	-	-
Biomass (\$/ton)	0	-	-	0	-	-

This information is meant to be used as a **guide only. Use with care.** Prices paid for standing timber can be influenced by many factors, including but not limited to: timber quality, distance to market, accessibility of property, sale volume, market demand, season, skid distance, terrain, landowner requirements, method of sale (e.g., competitively bid, or directly negotiated) and logging costs.

*This survey is a result of joint efforts of Cooperative Extension at the Universities of Connecticut and Massachusetts, and the state forestry agencies in CT, MA, and RI.
See: <http://forest.fnr.umass.edu/stumpage.htm> for more results*